Agashi Virar Arnala Education Society's Padmashree Bhausaheb Vartak College

Financial Accounting Sem IV Question Bank

Profit- Prior to Incorporation

1) the promoters of the proposed new company ZEDO ltd. purchased a running business on 1st January,2017 from MR.antonio. the new company was incoroporated on 1st may,2017. the profit and loss account for the year ended 31st December ,2017 was as under:

Particular	Rs	Particular	Rs
Rent,rates ,insurance	24000	Gross profit	300000
,electricity			
Directors sitting fees	7200	Discount recived	12000
Preliminary expenses	9800	~~	
Selling expenses	11000		
Interest paid to	20000	10/	
vendors		10	
Net profit	240000	100	

Following further information available:

Sales upto 30 april,2017 was rs 600000 out of total purchase of 1800000 of the year . intrest paid to vendors was @ 12% on rs 200000 p.a till the payment was made. From the above information, prepare statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31^{st} December, 2017 showing pre and post-incorporation profits and how it will be treated in account.

2) xyz limited was incorporated on 1st July,2016 to acquire the business from 1st April,2016. It commenced its business on 1st august,2016. Its profit and loss account for the year ending 31st march ,2017 is as under .

Particular	Rs	Particular	Rs
To office salaries	60000	By gross profit b/d	520000
To selling commission	78000		
To carriage outward	42250		
To rent and taxes	120000		
To debenture interest	25400		
To printing and	15000		
stationery			
To advertising	65000		
expenses			
To net profit	114350		
	520000		520000

Additional information:

Sales for the pre-incorporation period was @ rs 500000 pre month. Total sales for the year ended 31st march,2017 was rs 6500000 prepare statement of profit and loss in the columnar from for the year ending 31st march,2017 allocting various items an suitable basis in pre-incororation and post incoroporation period

3)Sachin Ltd.was incorporated to take over the running business of Tendulkar bros.w.e.f. 1st April ,2016 .the company was incroported on 1st august,2016 and it commenced its business on 1st octomber,2016.the following information was available from the books of accounts which were closed on 31st march ,2017.

Particular		Rs
Gross profit		350000
Less:office salaries	135000	
Office expenses	45000	
Travelling expenses	24600	
Office rent	48000	
Salesman's commission	24500	
Depreciation	10500	287600
Net profit		62400

Additional information :-

- 1.Sales were 2,50,000p.m. during pre-incorporation period, while total sales for the year were 35,00,000. The sales arose evenly throughout the concerned period.
- 2. Office rent was 42,000 p.a. It became ₹54,000 p.a. from the date of commencement of business.
- 3. Travelling expenses included₹3,600 incurred by the office staff and balance by the sales staff.
- 4. Depreciation included 3,000 for the asset acquired in post-incorporated period.
- 5. Salaries included Partner's salaries 30,000 while the remaining salary was for the office staff. Prepare Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2017 in the columnar form showing profit or loss during the Pre-incorporation and Post-incorporation period separately.

4) ameya ltd .was incoroporated on 1st august,2016 to take over a running partnership business with perfect from 1st April 2016.following are the details of income and expenses for the year ended 31st march2017:

Particulars Rs	Rs	
Gross profits	1920000	
Less:expenses		
Directors fees98000		
Rent 171000		
Bad debts 24000		
Salaries366000		
Interest on debentures48000		
Depreciation132000		
Preliminary expenses written off84000		
General expenses 98400		
Commission on sales72000		
Printing and stationery186000		
Advertisement expenses241000		
Audit fees117200		
Carriage outward145600		
Electricity charges88800		
Insurance premium48000	1920000	
Net profit	Nil	

Additional information :-

- a)Rent is paid on the basis of floor space occupied. Floor space occupied was doubled in the post incorporation period.
- b) Sales for each month of December, 2016 to March, 2017 were double the monthly sales of April 2016 to November, 2016.
- c) Audit fees is for the entire year.
- d) Bad debts 1,000 were in respect of sales effected two years ago.
- e) Mr. Amog was a working partner in the firm entitled to a remuneration @ 24,000 per month. From 1st August 2016, he was made the Managing Director of the company and was entitled to a salary @30,000 per month. The remaining salary is to two clerks employed during the period from 1st July,

Prepare a statement showing profits for the per and post incorporation period separately.

Redemption of Debenture

1) A company issued 10,000 - 8% Debentures of ₹100 each at par on 01-01-2010 - redeemable o 31-12-2013 at par. The company decided to invest money outside business to provide funds for redemption. The outside investments were made @ 5% p.a. on the last day of each year. On 31st December, 2013, the company sold all investments for ₹7,25,000 and redeemed the 8% Debentures. The Sinking Fund value of ₹1 @ 5% interest for 4 years is 0.23012.

Prepare for all the four years:

- 1) 8% Debentures Account.
- 2) sinking fund account
- (3) Sinking Fund Investment Account

Note: Calculations to be rounded off to the nearest rupee.

2) Hindustan Pvt. Ltd. had issued 5000 -12% debentures of ₹ 100 each redeemable on 31-12-2013 at par

The Company offered three options to the debenture holders as under

- (i) 14% Preference shares of 10 each at 12.
- (ii) 15% Debentures of 100 each at par.
- (iii) Redemption in cash.

The options were accepted as under:

Option (i) by holders of 1500 debentures

Option (ii) by holders of 1500 debentures

Option (iii) by holders of 2000 debentures.

The redemption was carried out by the Co.

Pass journal entries in the books of Hindustan Pvt. Ltd. without narration. Company decided to use the minimum amount of profits required by law.

- 3) Hindustan Manufacturing Limited gave notice of its intention to redeem its 6% Debenture, amounting to $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{\checkmark}{}}4,00,000$ of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{\checkmark}{}}100$ each at $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{\checkmark}{}}102$ and offered the debenture holders the following three options to apply the redemption money to subscribe for :
- (a) 5% cumulative preference shares of ₹20 each at ₹ 22.50 per share. (b) 6% debenture at ₹ 96 and
- (c) to have their holdings redeemed for cash.

Debenture holders for ₹ 1,71,000 accepted the proposal (a)

Debenture holders for ₹ 1,44,000 accepted the proposal (b)

Remaining debenture holders accepted the proposal (c).

Pass the necessary journal entries to record the above transactions in the books of the compan The redemption in cash, wherever applicable, was made fully out of profit.

4) Prudence Ltd. redeemed ₹ 50,00,000; 12% Debentures at a premium of 5% fully out of profit on 30th Sept., 2018. The company had a Debenture Redemption Reserve of ₹10,00,000. For the purpose of redemption of debentures, apart from creating Debenture Redemption Reserve the Company complied with the necessary statutory provisions in such a manner so as to utilize the funds of the



Redemption of Preference share

- 1) A Company has 4,000 redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100 each, fully paid. The company decides to redeem these shares on December 31, 2017 at a premium of 5%. The company makes the following issues:
- (a) 1,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 100 each at a premium of 10%.
- (b) 1,000 Debentures of ₹ 100 each.

The issues were fully subscribed and allotments were made. The redemption was duly carried out. The company has sufficient profits. Give Journal entries to record the above transactions

2)balance sheet of shiva ltd. on 31st march ,2017 was as under:

Liabilities	Rs	Assets	Rs
10%preference shares	500000	Fixed assets	1100000
of rs 100 each fully			
paid.		~ ^ ^	
Equity shares of rs 10	1000000	Investment	400000
each fully paid		101	
Securities premium	400000	Bank	90000
General reserve	300000	Other current assets	1400000
8% debentures of rs	400000	Preliminary expenses	10000
100 each		70.4	
Current liabilities	400000		
	3000000		3000000

On the above date the company decided to redeem its preference shares at 10% premium. For this purpose the company sold its investments at a profit of 10% and issued 25,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each at par. Preference Shares were duly redeemed. All the money under new issue was received and all money on redemption was paid. You are required to give necessary journal entries for the above transactions keeping in view all the legal requirements

3) following is the balance sheet of zarkal auto ltd.as on 31-3-2017:

	<u> </u>		
liabilities	Rs	Assets	Rs
3000 -9%redeemable	240000	Fixed assets	1200000
preference share of rs			
100 each rs 80 paid up			
120000 equity share of	1200000	Investment (at cost)	290000
rs 10 each fully paid		, , ,	
Revenue reserve	150000	Bank balance	170000
8% debentures	200000	Other current assets	400000
Current liabilities	270000		
	2060000		2060000

On the above date 9% Preference Shares were redeemable at a premium of 5%.

1. The company made final call of 20 per share on these shares. All the shareholders paid the call money.

- 2. The company issued 20,000 equity shares of \gtrless 10 each at a premium of \gtrless 2 per share for cash consideration. The issue was fully subscribed and paid for.
- 3. Part of the investments were sold for 1,32,000 at a profit of 10% on cost.
- 4. The company redeemed the preference shares as per the terms. One preference shareholder holding 100 shares was untraceable, hence payment could not be made to him.

You are required to pass necessary Journal Entries in the books of Zakal Auto Ltd. to record the above transactions.

4) following is the balance sheet of Prakash ltd .as on 31st march ,2017:

Liabilities	Rs	Assets	Rs
2000-8% redeemable	200000	Fixed assets	1575000
preference shares of rs			(0)
100 each, fully paid			U
100000 equity shares	1000000	Bank	218000
of rs 10 each, fully		~?	
paid		1/0	
Securities premium	35000	Investments	150000
		(market value rs	
		190000)	
Profit and loss account	450000		
Sundry creditors	258000		
	1943000		1943000

on the above date, the directors of the company took following steps to redeem 8% preference shares at a premium of 5%.

- a) The company issued 4,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 at a premium of 2 per share for the purpose of redemption of preference shares.
- b) Investments were sold at market price.
- c) All the payments were made to the Preference Shareholders except those holding 100 shares who could not be traced.

You are required to:

- 1) Pass necessary Journal Entries in the books of Prakash Limited complying with requirements of Companies Act, 2013.
- 2) Prepare the Balance Sheet of the company after redemption of Preference Shares.

Theory Questions

- A. What are the different types of companies?
- B. Explain the procedure for issue of shares
- C. Explain different types of debenture
- D. Distinguish Between shares and debenture

Short Notes

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