

**Agashi Virar Arnala Education Society's
Padmashree Bhausaheb Vartak College
Question Bank – Accountancy & Financial Management**

Q1. Mr. Suraj provides you the following details. Prepare Departmental Trading and Profit and Loss Account and General Profit & Loss account.

Particulars	Dept A ₹	Dept B ₹	Dept C ₹	Total
Purchases	90,000	60,000	30,000	
Sales	1,60,000	1,28,000	64,000	
Wages	30,000	24,000	20,000	
Closing stock	44,000	32,000	28,000	
Salaries	13,000	7,000	9,000	
Rent				7,000
Insurance				4,700
Motor Van expenses				4,400
Advertising				6,600
Travelling expenses				3,300
Carriage expenses				12,000
Discount received				3,600
Bad debts				1,100
Audit fees				1,800
Discount allowed				2,200

Additional information:

1. There was no opening stock.
2. The floor space occupied by the three departments A, B and C is in the ratio 3:2:2.
3. The Motor Van expenses are to be divided equally between departments B and C.
4. The insurance premium is on a comprehensive policy and cannot be allocated.

Q2. From the following details provided by Kapil Traders, you are required to prepare departmental trading and profit and loss account and General Profit and Loss A/c for the year ended 31st March 2024.

Particulars	Dept P ₹	Dept Q ₹	Dept R ₹	Common
Sales	20,000	40,000	60,000	
Purchases	15,000	10,000	5,000	
Salaries	5,000	8,000	9,000	
Opening stock	18,000	17,000	15,000	
Closing stock	20,000	21,000	20,500	
Audit fees				4,000
Delivery van expenses				5,000
Commission paid				3,500
Discount received				3,800
Interest paid				4,700
Travelling expenses				4,700
Freight inward				1,500
Octroi duty				1,800
Printing and stationery				2,400
Postage and telegram				2,200
Telephone charges				1,600
Power				5,400
Repairs to Machinery				9,000
Depreciation				6,000
Packing expenses				3,000
Rent paid				8,400

Adjustments:

1. Are occupied by three departments P, Q and R in the ratio of 3:3:2
2. Value of Machine used in department P, Q and R is ₹40,000, ₹ 30,000 and ₹ 20,000 respectively.
3. Horse power of machinery used in department P, Q and R is 300HP, 200HP and 100 HP respectively.
4. Printing and stationery to be allocated in the ratio 4:3:2.

Q3. From the following information prepare Departmental Trading and Profit and Loss A/c for the year ending 31st March 2024 in the books of Gopal Ltd.

Particulars	Dept A ₹	Dept B ₹	Total
Opening stock	2,50,000	4,00,000	6,50,000
Purchases	10,00,000	8,00,000	18,00,000
Sales	22,50,000	15,00,000	37,50,000
Wages	1,50,000	1,00,000	2,50,000
Office salaries			12,00,000
Discount allowed			2,20,000
Discount received			72,000
Rent paid			16,000

Additional information:

1. Stock in hand as on 31st march 2024 – Department A ₹ 8,50,000; department B ₹ 7,00,000.
2. Office staff appointed by department A 10 persons and department B 5 persons.
3. Area occupied by department A 1000 sq. ft.
4. Depreciation on furniture was ₹ 13,000 which was allocated in department A and department B equally.
5. Goods transferred from department A to department B was ₹ 4,00,000.

Q4. Gupta traders of Patna have their branch at Mumbai. Prepare the necessary accounts **10** in the books of the head office from the following transaction with the branch.

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
Opening balance:		Closing balance:	
-Petty cash at branch	1,250	Petty cash at branch	1,880
-Stock at branch	77,000	Debtors at branch	1,26,150
-Debtors at branch	41,250	Stock at branch	57,880
Goods sent to branch during the year:	3,78,000	Discount allowed to customers	1,060
Amount remitted to the branch:		Amount remitted by the branch	26,250
-For petty cash expenses		:	
-For salary	7,500	-Cash sales	4,10,350
-For rent and taxes	18,500	-Realization from debtors	
	6,000	Mr. Sharma to whom goods were sold by the branch directly remitted the amount	9000
		H.O.	

Q5. From the following details prepare Mumbai Branch Account for the six months ended 31st December, 2023 after depreciating branch furniture at 20%.

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Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
Opening branch Assets:		Branch expenses paid by the	
Branch stock	20,000	Head office	34,000
Branch petty cash	6,000	Remittance received from the	
Branch furniture	26,000	Branch	2,32,000
Branch debtors	30,000	Closing Branch Assets:	
Opening Branch Liabilities:		Branch stock	24,000
Branch outstanding Liabilities	1,000	Branch Petty cash	4,000
	1,80,000	Branch Debtors	34,000
	16,000	Closing Branch Liabilities:	
		Branch outstanding salaries	1,400

Q6. Hari is having his head office at Mumbai and branch office at Nasik. Prepare the branch account in the books of the head office from the following transaction with the branch:

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
Opening balance at branch:		Amounts remitted to the	
-Petty cash	1,000	branch for:	4,000
-Stock	39,500	-Petty cash expenses	12,000
-Debtors	21,000	-Salary	3,500
Goods supplied to branch		-Rent and taxes	
during the year	3,10,000	Closing balance at branch:	
Amounts remitted by the		-Petty cash	950
branch:	1,13,200	-Debtors	53,000
-Cash sales	2,30,300	-Stock	26,500
-Realization from debtors			

Q7. AB and company has two departments Dept A and Dept B. From following information prepare departmental trading and profit and loss account.

Particulars	Dept A	Dept B	Toral
Opening stock	13400	11,200	24,600
Purchase	73600	71,400	1,45,000
Sales	1,10,000	88,000	1,98,000
Salaries	8,000	7,000	15,000

Common expenses and income

Interest on loan	2,000
Carriage outward	2,900
Discount earned	1,450
Depreciation	7,500
Rent and rates	5,400
Advertisement	8,100
Building insurance	1,800
General expenses	4,500
Discount allowed	2,700

Additional information

1. Closing stock Dept A: 20,500 and Dept B 17,000
2. The area occupied by the two departments is in the ratio 5:4
3. Depreciation and general expenses are to be allocated equally.

Q.8 From the following particulars of Chaitanya garments prepare trading and profit and loss account of two departments i.e. Garment and Cosmetics for the year ended 31st March 2024.

Particulars	Garment	Cosmetic	Total
Opening stock	65,000	50,000	1,15,000
Purchases	2,40,000	1,60,000	4,00,000
Sales	3,20,000	2,80,000	6,00,000
Salaries	12,000	10,000	22,000
General expenses			15,000
Rent and Rates			30,000
Carriage inward			6,000
Carriage outward			12,000
Discount allowed			9,000
Discount received			4,500
Travelling expenses			15,000
Insurance charges			5,000

Additional Information

1. General expenses and insurance are to be allocated equally.
2. Area occupied by Garment & Cosmetics department are in the ratio 4:1.
3. Closing stock of Garment Dept is 1,20,000 and cosmetic Dept is 60,000.

Other expenses and income to be allocated between 2 departments on suitable basis.

Q9. Explain in brief – Branch Accounting.

Q10. Explain in brief – Departmental Accounting.

Q11. Explain in brief – “Allocation of expenses to each department”.

Q12. What are the limitations of departmental accounting?

Q13. What is the purpose of the branch account, and how is it prepared?

Q14. What is the significance of departmental accounting in decision-making?

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Subject :- Business Leadership Skills

QUESTION BANK

MODULE 1

- a. Explain the importance of personal leadership
- b. Discuss the various leadership styles
- c. Explain the steps in development of personal leadership
- d. Explain the role and challenges of global travel.
- e. Explain the techniques of time management
- f. Discuss the impact of focus and discipline on personal and professional life.

MODULE 2

- a. Discuss the importance of team leadership.
- b. Write a note on visionary leadership
- c. Discuss strategies to manage conflict.
- d. Describe the different elements of visionary leadership.
- e. Discuss strategies to reduce employee turnover
- f. What are the ways to focus on team achievements.

BOTH MODULE (1 & 2)

- a. How interpersonal skills help to build trust, credibility and respect?
- b. Describe the different elements of visionary leadership.
- c. Discuss the role and benefits of networking through community service.
- d. What are the ways to focus on team achievements?
- e. Explain the tangible costs of employee turnover?
- f. Write a note on communication to lead.

**Agashi Virar Arnala Education Society's
Padmashree Bhausaheb Vartak College
Question Bank_Introduction to Service Sector(Commerce II)**

Module 1

Q.1. Answer the Following:

- a. What is Service? Explain the importance of Services.
- b. Explain FDI and its impact on banking sector in India.
- c. Write any five differences between BPO and KPO.
- d. What are importance of Logistics?
- e. Explain Challenges in Logistics.
- f. What are the process of Service Delivery?

Module 2

Q.2. Answer the Following:

- a. Write the difference between Organized and Unorganized Retailing?
- b. Explain store planning and its design and layout?
- c. Write any five differences between store format and non-store format.
- d. Discuss limitation of E-commerce.
- e. Write advantages to Customer.
- f. Elaborate B2C, B2B, C2C

Module 1 and 2

Q.3. Answer the Following:

- a. Explain the Services Mix(7 P's).
- b. Write challenges in retail scenario.
- c. Describe opportunities in service sector.
- d. Explain E-transition challenges for Indian corporate.
- e. What are features of E-Commerce?
- f. Explain about Store Layout.

Agashi Virar Arnala Education Society's
Padmashree Bhausahab Vartak College
Question Bank (Marathi)

लेखन कौशल्य १

कार्यालयीन लेखन व्यवहार आणि पत्र व्यवहार

Module I

खालील प्रश्नांची उत्तरे लिहा.

- I. जाहीर निवेदन लिहिण्याचा उद्देश आणि त्याचे महत्त्व स्पष्ट करा.
- II. जाहीर निवेदन आणि माहितीपत्रक यामधील मुख्य फरक काय आहेत? उदाहरणांसह चर्चा करा.
- III. कार्यालयीन परिपत्रक किंवा जाहीरनिवेदन तयार करताना होणाऱ्या आव्हानांवर सविस्तर भाष्य करा.
- IV. प्रभावी माहितीपत्रक तयार करण्याच्या रचनेतील घटक आणि त्यांचे महत्त्व सविस्तरपणे समजावून सांगा.
- V. माहितीपत्रकाची रचना आणि उद्देश सविस्तर स्पष्ट करा.
- VI. प्रभावी माहितीपत्रक तयार करण्याच्या रचनेतील घटक आणि त्यांचे महत्त्व सविस्तरपणे समजावून सांगा.
- VII. इतिवृत्त लेखनाची महत्त्व आणि उपयोगिता
- VIII. इतिवृत्त लेखनात कालक्रमानुसार घडामोडी मांडण्याचे महत्त्व आणि त्याचा परिणाम यावर भाष्य करा.
- IX. इतिवृत्त लेखनाच्या विश्वासाहतेसाठी विविध स्रोतांचा कसा वापर केला जातो? उदाहरणांसह समजावून सांगा.
- X. टिपणी लेखनात तटस्थता आणि वस्तुनिष्ठतेचे महत्त्व स्पष्ट करा.
- XI. टिपणी लेखन इतर लेखन प्रकारांपेक्षा कसे वेगळे आहे? उदाहरणांसहित समजावून सांगा.
- XII. टिप्पणी लेखनाची वैशिष्ट्ये स्पष्ट करा.

MODULE II

- I. कार्यालयीन पत्र म्हणजे काय? त्याचे महत्त्व आणि वैशिष्ट्ये स्पष्ट करा.
- II. नोकरीसाठी अर्ज लिहिताना कोणत्या घटकांचा समावेश करावा? सविस्तर विवेचन करा.
- III. कार्यालयीन पत्राचे विविध प्रकार आणि त्यांचा उपयोग स्पष्ट करा.
- IV. कार्यालयीन पत्र लिहिताना कोणत्या गोष्टींची काळजी घेतली पाहिजे? सविस्तर माहिती द्या.
- V. एका संस्थेच्या व्यवस्थापकाला कामाच्या निलंबनाबाबत पत्र लिहा.
- VI. शुभेच्छा आणि निमंत्रण पत्राचा व्यक्तिगत आणि सामाजिक जीवनातील प्रभाव
- VII. निमंत्रण पत्र म्हणजे काय? औपचारिक आणि अनौपचारिक निमंत्रण पत्र यातील फरक स्पष्ट करा.
- VIII. शुभेच्छा पत्र म्हणजे काय? त्याचे स्वरूप आणि महत्त्व सविस्तर सांगा.

Q.1 पुढील विधाने खरे /खोटे आहेत ओळखा व सोडवा.

- (१) शुभेच्छा पत्रात नेहमी गंभीर विषयांचा समावेश असतो.
- (२) नोकरीसाठी अर्जात संक्षिप्त आणि स्पष्ट मजकूर लिहिणे आवश्यक आहे.
- (३) टिपणी लेखन नेहमी तथ्यांवर आधारित असते; कोणतेही स्पष्टीकरण किंवा विश्लेषण नसते.
- (४) शुभेच्छा पत्र आनंदी प्रसंगी लिहिले जाते.
- (५) जाहीर निवेदन मोठ्या प्रमाणावर जनतेपर्यंत माहिती पोहोचवण्यासाठी वापरले जाते.
- (६) जीवनलेख (CV) हे नोकरी अर्जाचा महत्त्वाचा भाग असतो.
- (७) इतिवृत्त लेखन मुख्यतः घटनांच्या कालक्रमावर आधारित असते.
- (८) माहितीपत्रक केवळ शैक्षणिक संशोधनासाठी तयार केले जाते.
- (९) कार्यालयीन पत्र नेहमी अनौपचारिक भाषेत लिहिले जाते.
- (१०) आकर्षक मांडणी हे इतिवृत्त लेखनाचे आवश्यक वैशिष्ट्य आहे.

Q.2 खालील दिलेल्या बहुपर्यायी प्रश्नांची उत्तरे लिहा.

(१) कार्यालयीन पत्राचा उद्देश काय असतो?

- (अ) वैयक्तिक भावना व्यक्त करणे (ब) औपचारिक माहिती देणे (क) मनोरंजनासाठी लिहिणे (ड) कविता लिहिणे

(२) जाहीर निवेदनाचा प्राथमिक उद्देश काय आहे?

- (अ) उत्पादनांची विक्री करणे (ब) जनतेला माहिती पुरवणे (क) कार्यक्रम आयोजित करणे (ड) कर्मचाऱ्यांना प्रशिक्षण देणे

(३) नोकरीसाठी अर्जात खालीलपैकी कोणता घटक आवश्यक आहे?

- (अ) विनोदाचे वर्णन (ब) कौशल्यांचा उल्लेख (क) खाजगी अनुभव (ड) चित्रे

(४) खालीलपैकी कोणती माहितीपत्रकाची वैशिष्ट्ये नाहीत?

- (अ) कालक्रमानुसार मांडणी (ब) संक्षिप्त माहिती (क) आकर्षक मांडणी (ड) गुंतागुंतीची भाषा

(५) औपचारिक निमंत्रण पत्र कोणासाठी लिहिले जाते?

- (अ) कुटुंबीयांसाठी (ब) व्यावसायिक प्रसंगासाठी (क) शाळेतील मित्रांसाठी (ड) वैयक्तिक संवादासाठी

(६) इतिवृत्त लेखनासाठी सर्वात महत्त्वाचा घटक कोणता आहे?

- (अ) सर्जनशीलता (ब) कालक्रमानुसार मांडणी (क) वैयक्तिक मत (ड) दृश्यात्मक आकर्षकता

(७) शुभेच्छा पत्रात काय नमूद करणे आवश्यक आहे?

- (अ) तक्रार (ब) कौतुक आणि शुभेच्छा (क) जबाबदारीची मागणी (ड) विनंत

(८) टिपणी लेखनाचा प्रमुख घटक कोणता आहे?

- (अ) कलात्मक शैली (ब) तटस्थता आणि वस्तुनिष्ठता (क) भावनिक मजकूर (ड) दीर्घ वर्णने

(९) शुभेच्छा पत्र कधी लिहिले जाते?

- (अ) आनंददायी प्रसंगी (ब) दुःखद प्रसंगी (क) सामान्य संवादासाठी (ड) व्यावसायिक करारासाठी

१०) खालीलपैकी कोणता कार्यालयीन दस्तऐवज दृश्य घटक (ग्राफिक्स) वापरतो

- (अ) माहितीपत्रक (ब) जाहीर निवेदन (क) इतिवृत्त (ड) टिपणी

Agashi Virar Arnala Education Society's

Padmashree Bhausaheb Vartak college

Subject :- Sports

QUESTION BANK- VIVA

- (1) Which government scheme aims to promote sports at the grassroots level in India?
- (2) The Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award has been renamed as which of the following?
- (3) Which of the following is the apex body responsible for the Olympic movement in India?
- (4) Which Indian sports personality is associated with the sport of badminton and has won the All England Open?
- (5) The 'Khelo India' program was launched in which year?
- (6) Which fitness component is assessed by the sit-and-reach test?
- (7) Which type of yogic practice focuses on controlling the breath?
- (8) What is the primary focus of skill-related physical fitness?
- (9) Which asana is known as the 'King of Asanas' in yoga?
- (10) Which Indian city is the headquarters of the Indian Olympic
- (11) Which component of hearth-related fitness refers to the ability of the heart and lungs to supply oxygen during sustained physical activity?
- (12) In the context of yoga, what does the term 'asana' refer to?
- (13) Which famous Indian cricketer is also known as the 'God of Cricket'?
- (14) What is the primary objective of the Khelo India program?
- (15) Which is a fundamental principle of fitness training?
- (16) Which asana is often used at the end of a yoga session for relaxation?
- (17) Which award is given by the Indian government to recognize lifetime contributions to sports?
- (18) Which sport is associated with the University of Mumbai's annual sports tournaments?
- (19) Which principle of fitness training suggests increasing the intensity of exercise over time to continue improvement?
- (20) What does 'Pranayama' in yoga primarily focus on?

**Agashi Virar Arnala Education Society's
Padmashree Bhausaheb Vartak College
Question Bank_ Kaushal ke Aadhar(Hindi)**

१) निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखिए।

- 1) लेखन कौशल की विभिन्न विधियों का विस्तारपूर्वक वर्णन कीजिए।
- 2) वाचन और लेखन कौशल का व्यक्तिगत और व्यावसायिक विकास में योगदान समझाइए।
- 3) लेखन कौशल का अर्थ और स्वरूप विशद कीजिए।
- 4) लेखन और वाचन कौशल में अंतर को उदाहरण सहित स्पष्ट कीजिए।
- 5) भाषण और श्रवण कौशल के बिच आपसी संबंध को स्पष्ट कीजिए।
- 6) संक्षिप्त में टिपणी कीजिए। - भाषण कौशल का महत्त्व

२) निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखिए।

- 1) वाचन कौशल की उपयोगिता को विस्तृत रूप में लिखिए।
- 2) लेखन कौशल के भेद और विशेषताओं को स्पष्ट कीजिए।
- 3) भाषण कौशल को बेहतर बनाने की विधियां स्पष्ट कीजिए।
- 4) भाषण और श्रवण कौशल का सामाजिक और व्यावसायिक महत्त्व क्या है ?
- 5) वाचन कौशल की विभिन्न विधियों का वर्णन करते हुए उनके उपयोग पर प्रकाश डालिए।
- 6) लेखन कौशल का अर्थ और स्वरूप विशद कीजिए।

३) निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखिए।

- 1) भाषण कौशल का अर्थ और स्वरूप विस्तार से विशद कीजिए।
- 2) प्रभावी संवाद में भाषण और श्रवण कौशल की भूमिका का वर्णन कीजिए।
- 3) भाषण कौशल के महत्त्व और उपयोगिता पर चर्चा कीजिए।
- 4) श्रवण कौशल का महत्त्व और उपयोगिता स्पष्ट कीजिए।
- 5) आर्थिक महाशक्ति के रूप में उभरता भारत
- 6) क्या युवाओं को राजनीति को करियर के रूप में चुनना चाहिए?
- 7) संक्षिप्त में टिपणी कीजिए। - लेखन कौशल के प्रकार

**Agashi Virar Arnala Education Society's
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Question Bank_CC(Extension Work-II)**

Q.1. Fill in the blanks.

1.The consumer protection Act in the year_____

a.2009 b. 2019 c.1999 d. 2015

2._____policy introduced in Maharashtra in the year 1974

a. Child. b.Women
c. Government
d. National

3. Child labour means Child below the age _____

a. 17. b. 18. c.14. d.12

4._____ is the most common health problem faced by industrial Pollution.

a. Bone Fracture
b. Skin Infection
c. Dental issues
d. Respiratory diseases and cancer

5.Vaccination is an effective way to prevent:_____

a. COVID-19
b.Influenza
c. Hepatitis
d. All of the above

6. Consumer courts on India are established to resolve_____

a.consumer disputes
b. Business Interests
c. Consumer rights
d.Product prices

7.A common consequence of harassment is_____

a.Social Isolation
b. Reduced Anxiety
c.Improved sleep quality
d. Self-help Esteemed

8._____policy introduced in Maharashtra in the year 1974

- a. Child.
- b. Women
- c. Government
- d. National

9. _____ is sign of heatstroke.

- a. Nausea and vomiting.
- b. Dizziness
- c. Headache
- d. Cold and Fever

10. _____ is the most common health problem faced by industrial Pollution.

- a. Bone Fracture
- b. Skin Infection
- c. Dental issues
- d. Respiratory diseases and cancer

11. NHRC refers to

- a. National Human Rights Committee
- b. National Human Rights Commission
- c. Nation Human Rights Cell
- d. Nation Human Rights commission

12. Consumer courts on India are established to resolve _____

- a. consumer disputes
- b. Business Interests
- c. Consumer rights
- d. Product prices

13. _____ is the Banker & Bank.

- a. State Bank of India
- b. Hdfc Bank
- c. Reserve Bank of India
- d. Axis Bank

14. _____ policy introduced in 2020

- a. Child. b. Women
- c. Government
- d. Educational

15. _____ is sign of heatstroke.

- a. Nausea and vomiting.
- b. Dizziness
- c. Headache
- d. Cold and Fever

16. _____ is a digital banking service.

- a. Internet Banking
- b. Merchant Banking
- c. Doorstep Banking
- d. Factoring

17. _____ is distance learning University.

- a. Marathwada
- b. IGNOU
- c. SWAYAM
- d. IIT

Q.2. Short Notes:

- 1. E-waste Management
- 2. Voting Rights
- 3. Reasons of Child Labour
- 4. Noise Pollution
- 5. Election Literary
- 6. Distance Education
- 7. Conservation of trees and Natural Resources
- 8. Patent
- 9. Functions of commercial Bank.
- 10. Whistle Blowing
- 11. LGBTQ
- 12. NPTEL
- 13. Trademarks
- 14. Cooperative Banks

Q.3. Answer the following questions:

- 1. Discuss the role of women & self-help groups in empowering women and girls.
- 2. Explain the difference types of industrial pollution and their sources.
- 3. What is child labour?
- 4. Elaborate the importance of election literary in a democratic society.
- 5. Explain the difference between acute and chronic stress.
- 6. Discuss gender inequality role in child labour.
- 7. Explain the role of greenhouse gases in climate change.
- 8. What is Patent and Trademarks?
- 9. Discuss Consumer Awareness.
- 10. What are benefits if Water Harvesting?
- 11. Elaborate Intellectual property.
- 12. Discuss Consumer Court.
- 13. What Global warming?

QUESTION BANK

BOTH MODULES (1 & 2)

Multiple choice questions

1. ____ is the ability to influence , guide , and inspire individuals or groups toward the achievement of common goals.
a) Leadership b) motivation c) accountability d) strategic thinking
2. ____make decisions unilaterally, without seeking input from others.
a) democratic Leader b) autocratic leaders c) Transformational leader d) charismatic leader
3. Ela Bhatt is the founder of ____.
a) Goonj b) sulabh international c) SEWA d) amul cooperative
4. 4)The National Service Scheme (NSS) is a ____ program run by all the universities across the country.
a) Non-Voluntary b) obligatory c) voluntary d) compulsory
5. The word 'shramdaan' is derived from two __ words.
a) latin b) hindi c) marathi d) sanskrit
6. 'shram'(labour)and 'daan'(donation) , meaning ____.'
a) donation of money b) donation of service c) donation of blood d) donation of labour
7. ____ personalities are often careful, detail - oriented, and logical.
a)type b personality b)type a personality c)type c personality d) extrovert personality
8. Adopted by all united nations member States in 2015 as part of the __ agenda for sustainable development.
a)2030 b)2016 c)2017 d)2018
9. ____ personality are generally more anxious, negative, and often keep their feelings inside.
a)Type a personality b) Type d personality c) Type b personality d) introvert personality
10. Volunteers learn the importance of helping others and the value of ____.
a) Hard work b) money c) human value d) social service
11. shramdaan is a vital part of the ____.
a) National Service Scheme b) National scheme service c) clean india mission d) swachhata program

12. The sustainable development goals (SDGs) are a universal set of ___ interconnected global goals designed.
- a)16 b)14 c)17 d)12
13. ___ personality are usually very ambitious, competitive, and always in a hurry.
- a)type a personality b)type b personality c) type c personality d) type d personality
14. ___this founder is often considered one of India's most visionary and successful entrepreneurs.
- a) Ratan Tata b) Mukesh Ambani c) Shantanu Narayen d) Dhirubhai Ambani
15. The swachh Bharat pledge is a key part of awareness campaigns designed to instill a sense of ___.
- a)Develop Leadership Skill b) personal responsibility c) mandatory duty d) commitment of cleanliness
16. street plays ___ and skits are a popular and effective method used by NSS to raise legal awareness.
- a) Nukkad Nataks b)drama shows c) social program d) community program
17. International Day of peace ___ is a day dedicated to promoting peace and non-violence across the world.
- a)march 8 b) september 21 c) April 7 d) september 8

SHORT QUESTIONS

- 1) Explain the term Leadership
- 2) Mention few characteristics of a Leader.
- 3) Explain the concept of the National Service Scheme (NSS).
- 4) Mention a few activity - based programs conducted under NSS.
- 5) What are the qualities of an effective leader?
- 6) Mention few Leadership styles.
- 7) Explain the objectives of community Development Programs.
- 8) Define the term shramdaan in the context of the National Service Scheme (NSS).
- 9) Give an examples of Indian leader.
- 10) Give an example of leader from corporate world
- 11) Explain the objective of shramdaan.
- 12) Highlight a few key activities conducted under shramdaan.

BRIEF QUESTIONS

- 1) Explain the philosophy of NSS.
- 2) what is the need of emergence of NSS?
- 3) Elaborate the aims of NSS.
- 4) Explain shramdaan in detail along with its objective.
- 5) Explain the impact of visits to adopted places.
- 6) Explain the objectives of NSS.
- 7) provide detailed explanation of NSS motto
- 8) Explain rallies in NSS and their types in detail.
- 9) Explain the impact of blood donation drive.
- 10) Mention key activities in blood donation drive under NSS

QUESTION BANK
FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS II

MODULE 1 : SHARE AND MUTUAL FUNDS

Theory Questions:

1. What are Shares? Explain the types of Shares.
2. Explain Dividend Re-Investment Option
3. Explain Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)
4. What are Mutual Funds? Explain the types of mutual funds and load on mutual funds.

Sum Based Questions:

1. Reena invested in shares of certain company of nominal value ₹10. The company declared 7% dividend and she received ₹52.50. Find the number of shares she bought.
2. Find the market value of 12% share, if ₹6,400 were invested to purchase shares with a face value of ₹100 and a total dividend of ₹480 was obtained.
3. Lily purchased 560 shares of market price ₹380 per share and afterwards sold them with a market price of ₹450 per share. She had to pay 0.2% brokerage for both deals. Find the purchase and sales amount & also the profit she gained.
4. Harry purchased 440 shares of face value ₹10 each at a market price of ₹150 per share at 0.5% brokerage. Find the total amount he had to pay.
5. Eric invested ₹2,08,832 to purchase equity shares of a company at market price of ₹260 through a brokerage firm, charging 0.4% brokerage. Find no. of shares purchased.
6. An amount of ₹34,068 was invested by Ms. Aasin in 5% stock at ₹85. She sold the stock at ₹82 after receiving the dividend. The brokerage for purchase and sales were 0.2% and 0.1% respectively. Calculate her net gain and percentage gain.
7. Find the total dividend Kabir got when he invested ₹12,000 in 10% share of market value 250 and face value of ₹10.
8. Find the face value of a 8% share if ₹8,000 were invested to purchase shares at a market price of ₹125 and a total dividend of ₹512 was obtained.
9. Anita invested ₹49,572 in equity shares of ₹100 each at market price of ₹160 each. After receiving 11% dividend she sold the shares ₹180 each. She paid a brokerage of 2% on each transaction Calculate her percentage gain.
10. Khushi invested ₹10,000 in a Mutual Fund on 15th January, 2008 at NAV of ₹63.2435. She redeemed the units on 4th April, 2008 with NAV of ₹75.4827. There was neither entry load, nor exit load. Find her gain, rate of return and annualised rate of return.
11. Rohit invested ₹18,000 in a Mutual Fund on 03rd April, 2008 at NAV of ₹75.1092 and entry load of 2.25% of the NAV. He sold all the units on 17th September, 2008 with NAV of ₹97.2516 without any exit load. Find his total gain and rate of return.
12. Samar invested ₹2,00,000 in a Mutual Fund on 2^{0th} January, 2011 at NAV of ₹54.8. He redeemed the units on 3^{0th} April, 2011 with NAV of ₹70.2. There was neither entry load, nor exit load. Find his gain, rate of return and annualised rate of return.
13. Anuj invested ₹12,000 in a Mutual Fund on 10th August, 2008 at NAV of ₹43.378. He redeemed the units on 27th October, 2008, with total gain of ₹875.15. If the entry load was 2.25% and exit load was 1%, find NAV on 27th October, 2008.

MODULE 2 : TIME SERIES & INDEX NUMBER

Theory Questions:

1. Explain the components of a Time Series with examples.
2. What is Time Series? Explain analysis of a time series.
3. What is cost of living index number? Explain the types of calculating cost of living index number.

Sum Based Questions:

1. Calculate 3 yearly moving averages for the following time series of exports in lakhs of a company during 2012-2020. Represent the given data and the moving averages on a graph.

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Exports (in lakh of ₹)	464	515	518	467	502	540	557	571	586

2. Calculate 5 yearly moving averages for the following time series of exports in lakhs of a company during 2012-2020. Represent the given data and the moving averages on a graph.

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Production	110	104	78	105	109	120	115	110	115	122	130

3. Calculate 4 yearly moving averages for the following data. Represent the given data and the moving averages on a graph.

Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Sales(in thousand units)	60	69	81	86	78	93	102	107	100

4. Fit a trend line by method of least squares for the following time series and estimate the trend for the year 2022. Plot the given data and trend line on a graph.

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Exports (in lakh of ₹)	45	49	51	50	52	53	50

5. Fit a trend line by method of least squares for the following time series and estimate the trend for the year 2023. Plot the given data and trend line on a graph.

Year	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Assets (in crores of ₹)	83	92	71	90	110	115

6. Calculate for the following data the index number as given below :

(i) Unweighted Aggregative Method (ii) Unweighted Average of price relatives

Commodity	Price in ₹	
	Base Year	Current Year
A	550	1345
B	630	1250
C	150	335
D	450	778
E	225	886

7. Calculate for the following data the index number as given below :

(i) Weighted Aggregative Method (ii) Weighted Average of price relatives

Commodity	Weight	Price in ₹	
		Base Year	Current Year
A	39	4	5
B	40	6	12
C	10	5	8
D	20	2	3

8. Calculate Laspeyre's, Paasche's and Marshall-Edgeworth's Price Index Numbers for the following data:

Commodity	Base Year		Current Year	
	Price	Quantity	Price	Quantity
A	4	15	5	20
B	8	20	12	30
C	6	25	8	20
D	14	10	21	15

9. Calculate Laspeyre's, Paasche's and Fisher's Price Index Numbers for the following data

Commodity	Base Year		Current Year	
	Price	Quantity	Price	Quantity
A	6	50	9	55
B	2	100	3	125
C	4	60	6	65
D	10	30	14	25

10. Calculate cost of living index for the following data by Aggregative Method :

Group	Base Year		Current Year
	Price	Quantity	Price
Rice	3	15	4
Wheat	2	18	3
Pulses	5	12	6
Sugar	4	8	5
Ghee	10	5	12
Milk	3	10	4

11. Calculate the real income from the following data :

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Income(₹)	4000	4500	4800	5000	6000
Index No.	100	120	120	125	160

12. Calculate the real income from the following data :

Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Income(₹)	12000	13200	14300	15000	17100
Index No.	100	120	130	150	180

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Question Bank - Vocational Skills In Accountancy

1. State the components of an Ideal Quotation.
2. Discuss about Purchase Requisition Form.
3. What are the contents of Lorry Tickets?
4. Discuss about the various functions in a Business Organisation.
5. What is a Delivery Challan and state its statutory importance?
6. Explain the importance of maintaining Documents in Business Organisation.
7. Explain the procedure of opening of Tenders.
8. Explain the need for Quotation.
9. What are the benefits of using Purchase Procurement Forms?
10. Explain Revision/Amendment to Bill of Lading.
11. What are the components of E-Way Bill?
12. What are Negotiable and Non-negotiable Bill of Lading?
13. Explain the preparation of Tender Documents.
14. What are the uses of Lorry Receipts?
 1. Explain crossing of cheques.
 2. Write a note on Letter of Credit.
 3. Discuss about Pay-in-slips.
 4. Discuss about Performa Invoice.
 5. State the benefits of Performa Invoice.
 6. What are Vouchers?
 7. Write a note on Bank Guarantee.
 8. Discuss about RTGS
 9. State the Importance of Tax Invoice under GST.
 10. Discuss about Credit Note.
 11. What are the types of Letter of Credit?
 12. Write a note on Demand Draft

**Agashi Virar Arnala Education Society's
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Question Bank - Minor in Accounting**

Q.1 Indicate cost unit for the following

1. Printing
2. Car
3. Cinema
4. Power
5. Hospital
6. Construction
7. Boiler Houses
8. Nursing Home
9. Canteen
10. Road Maintenance

Q.2 Indicate cost unit for the following

1. T.V
2. Paper
3. Hospital
4. Screw
5. Coal
6. Water supply
7. Ship Building
8. Bricks
9. Hotel
10. Computer

Q.3 Indicate cost unit for the following

1. Transport
2. Telephone
3. Gold
4. Power
5. Construction
6. Nursing Home
7. Canteen
8. Water Supply
9. Road maintenance
10. Printing

Q.1 Identify cost driver for the following activities

Activity	Cost Driver
Customer support	Purchase order
Shelf stocking	Maintenance Hours
Inspection	No. of set up
Engineering cost	Batches Produced
Expedited cost	No. of orders
Ordering cost	No. of Deliveries
Setting	Engineering Hours
Set up	Inspection Points
Maintenance	Stocking Hours
Purchasing order	Items sold
	Sales Order

Q.2 Identify cost driver for the following activities

Activity	Cost Driver
Order taking	Material Movements
Customer Visit	No. of Inspection
Deliveries	No. of Set ups
Product Handling	No. of Orders
Machine cost	Testing Hours
Testing cost	Machine Hours
Material Procurement	Cases sold
Set up	No. of Deliveries
Quality control	Customer Visit
Material Handling	Sales order
	Purchase order

Q.3 Identify cost driver for the following activities

Activity	Cost Driver
Order taking	No. of Inspection
Deliveries	Stocking Hours
Product Handling	Batches Produced
Purchasing order	Sales order
Engineering cost	No. of deliveries
Material Handling	Cases sold
Inspection	Purchase order
Setting	Engineering Hours
Shelf stocking	Material Movement
Quality control	Inspection point
	Testing Hours

PBV College – Question Bank – 2024-25

Q.4 classify the following cost properly

Particular	Rs
Raw Material	40,000
Employee cost	20,000
Work Expenses	10,000
Quality control Expenses	25,000
Warranty Expenses	15,000
After sales Services	10,000

Classify :- a) Direct Material, b) Direct labour, c) Factory Overheads, d) Selling & Distribution Overheads

Q.5 Classify the following cost properly

Particular	RS
Packaging Expenses	10,000
Rent Of Woks premises	25,000
Factory Repairs	5,000
Factory Insurance	8,000
Advertising	20,000
Office salaries	30,000
Office rent	15,000
Free Sample	6,000

Classify :- a) Factory overheads, b) Administrative overheads, c) Selling & Distribution Overheads

Q.6 classify the following cost properly

Particulars	RS.
Works Manger salary	40,000
Office staff salaries	25,000
Factory supervision	15,000
Factory Building	45,000

Office Repairs	20,000
Raw Material	10,000
Advertising	30,000
Delivery Expenses	25,000

Classify :- a) Direct Material, b) Administrative Overheads , c) Factory Overheads, d) Selling & Distribution Overheads

Q.7 classify the following cost properly

Particulars	RS
Advertising	40,000
Free sample	12,000
Office Rent	30,000
Factory Receipts	16,000
Direct Labour	10,000
Office salaries	60,000
Factory Insurance	10,000

Classify :- a) Factory overheads, b) Administrative overheads, c) Selling & Distribution Overheads , d) Direct Labour

Q.8 From the following particulars prepare a cost sheet showing various Elements of Cost :

Particulars	RS
Opening stock Raw Material	1,10,000
Purchases of raw material	8,25,000
Carriage outwards	28,500
Direct wages	4,21,400
Direct power	25,840
Technical directors salary	40,590
Factory Rent, Rates & Insurance	10,140
Sales of factory scrap	1,460
Depreciation on factory building	75,200

Closing work in progress	1,20,260
Factory stationery	12,340
Opening stock of finished goods	45,280
Closing stock of raw material	36,920
Fess to brand ambassador	2,00,000
Stationery and printing	12,200
Staff salaries	6,30,000
Trade discount	1,20,000
Office rent	60,000
Free sample expenses	20,320
Closing stock of finished goods	50,240

Sales are made to earn profit @10% on cost price

Q.9 From the following particulars prepare a cost sheet showing the components of total cost and profit for the year ended 31st march, 2014.

Particulars	RS
Stock of finished goods on 1-04-2013	6,000
Stock of finished goods on 31-03-2014	15,000
Stock of raw materials on 1-04-2013	40,000
Stock of raw materials on 31-03-2014	50,000
Work in progress on 1-04-2013	15,000
Work in progress on 31-03-2014	10,000
Purchases of raw materials	4,75,000
Carriage inwards	12,500
Wages	1,75,000
Work manager's salary	30,000
Factory employee's salaries	60,000
Factory rent, taxes & insurance	7,250
Power expenses	9,500

Other productions expenses	43,000
Sales for the year	8,60,000
Income Tax	5,000
Dividend received	2,500
Interest on debentures	10,000
Transfer to sinking Fund	20,000
Goodwill written off	10,500
Selling expenses	16,000
General expenses	32,500

Q.10 From the books of accounts of M/S Avdhoot Enterprises the following details have been extracted for the quarter ending 31-03-2014:

Particulars	RS
Stock of materials – opening	2,70,000
Stock of materials – closing	3,00,000
Purchased of materials	12,48,000
Direct wages	3,57,600
Direct expenses	1,20,000
Indirect wages	24,000
Salaries to administrative staff	60,000
Carriage inwards	48,000
Carriage outwards	37,500
Manager's salary	72,000
General charges	37,200
Legal charges for criminal suit	20,000
Commission on sales	28,000
Fuel	96,000
Electricity charges (factory)	72,000
Directors' fees	36,000

Repairs to plant and machinery	63,000
Rent, rates and taxes – factory	18,000
Rent , rates and taxes – office	9,600
Depreciation on plant and machinery	45,000
Depreciation on furniture	3,600
Salesmen’s salaries	50,000
Audit fees	18,000

- 1- The manager’s time is shared between the factory and the office in the ratio of 20:80.
 - 2- Carriage outwards include RS 7,500 being carriage inwards on plant and machinery.
 - 3- Selling price is 120% of the cost price.
- From the above details prepare detailed cost sheet for the quarter ending 31-12-2014 and ascertain sales.

PBV College – Question Bank 2024-25

**Agashi Virar Arnala Education Society's
Padmashree Bhausaheb Vartak College
Question Bank - Foundation & Exploration of Performing & Fine Arts**

Q1. Select the correct alternative.

1. Which of the following is not a performing art?
a. Painting b. Dance c. Theater d. Music
2. Which tribe is most famous for its Warli painting style option?
a. Bhil tribe b. Gond tribe c. Warli tribe d. Santhal tribe.
3. Which of the following is an essential skill for a career in Fine Arts?
a. Programming b. Financial analysis c. Creativity d. Legal drafting.
4. The Progressive Artist Group in India was formed in
a. 1920 b. 1947 c. 1960 d. 1980
5. Which of the following is a technique for emotional exploration?
a. method acting b. memorizing lines c. set design d. costume making.
6. Which India Valley Civilization site is famous for the discovery of the Great bath?
a. Mohenjo-Daro b. Harappa c. Lothal d. Dholavira
7. Which of these is a basic element of performing arts?
a. Script b. Rhythm c. Expression d. All of these
8. Which emotion is most commonly explored in drama scenes?
a. Happiness b. Fear c. Surprise d. All of these
9. Subodh Gupta is best known for his art created using:
a. Digital media b. Steel utensils c. Traditional painting techniques d. Photography
10. Which city is considered a hub for modern Indian art?
a. Mumbai b. Agra c. Jaipur d. Chennai
11. Which of the following is not a career option in performing arts?
a. Stage director b. Lighting technician c. Financial analyst
d. Actor
12. Which of the following ancient structure reflects the influence of aesthetic art in sacred architecture?
a. Kailasa temple b. Red fort c. Qutb Minar d. Rashtrapati bhavan
13. Which exercise helps improve voice modulation?
Lip trills b. Jumping jacks c. Push-ups d. Stretching
14. Anjolie Ela Menon is celebrated for her:
Sculptures b. Portraiture & murals c. Digital artwork d. Street art
15. What medium is more associated with artist M.F. Hussain?
Watercolor b. Oil on canvas c. Wood carving d. Ink sketching
16. The folk art of Madhubani is predominantly associated with which state in India?
Gujrat b. Madhya Pradesh c. Bihar d. Rajasthan
17. Which of the following enhances voice projection?
Shallow breathing b. Speaking faster c. Diaphragmatic breathing d. Whispering
18. Which city is considered a hub for modern Indian art?
Mumbai b. Agra c. Jaipur d. Chennai

Q2. Answer the following questions

1. What are performing arts?
2. How does tone influence the effectiveness of a performance?
3. How can an actor explore and express emotions effectively on stage?
4. What type of career options are available in the performing arts industry?
5. What are the challenges involved in the revival and preservation of ancient Indian art forms?
6. In what ways did aesthetic art influence the design and construction of sacred architecture in ancient India?
7. Explain the various career options in Fine Arts.
8. Write a note on contemporary art.
9. What are the basic elements of performing arts?
10. Mention two exercises to improve voice modulation
11. What is character development in performing arts?
12. How does scene study contribute to an actor's overall performance?
13. How do folk and tribal art forms contribute to India's cultural heritage?
14. Discuss the modern trends on Indian art.
15. How do performing arts contribute to the cultural significance?
16. How do actors develop a deeper understanding of their characters?
17. What are some techniques for emotional exploration and performance?
18. What are the main features of the art and craft for the Indus Valley Civilisation?
19. Discuss the modern trends on Indian art.
20. Explain the contributions of an eminent contemporary Indian artist of your choice.

**Agashi Virar Arnala Education Society's
Padmashree Bhausaheb Vartak College
Question Bank – Economics for Professional Career II**

1. Concept of cost with short – run cost
2. Explain production function with example.
3. Explain increasing diminishing and negative returns.
4. Explain the relationship between SAC output and LAC output.
5. Explain the 3 concept of revenue.
6. Find AP (AVERAGE PRODUCT) and MP (MARGINAL PRODUCT):

Units of the variable factor (L)	Total product (TP)	Average product (AP)	Marginal product (MP)
1	5		
2	14		
3	30		
4	56		
5	75		
6	90		
7	98		
8	102		
9	102		
10	98		

7. Define monopoly and features of monopoly.
8. Difference between collusive oligopoly and non- collusive oligopoly.
9. Explain EDGE worth model with the help of graph.
10. Define duopoly and features of duopoly.
11. Explain game theory.
12. Explain perfect competition and its features.

Short notes:

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|---------------------------|--|
| 1. Long run average cost. | 6. Relationship between SAC and Output |
| 2. Production function | 7. Monopolistic Competition |
| 3. Duopoly | 8. Perfect Competition. |
| 4. Game theory | |
| 5. Cost Function | |